

# Quarterly Newsletter

(Jan 2024 - May 2024)

July 15, 2024



Picture Credit: Rebekka Horn

## Last Quarter: An Overview

This past quarter has completely flown by, but not in vain! January 2024 - May 2024 were productive months for the UT Soil Plant & Pest Center (SPPC), with 260 total samples arriving from 41 different counties across Tennessee.

SPPC received numerous samples from ornamental crops, and home gardens from a variety of submitters. A detailed description of the submitters, plants, and their pests/diseases will be provided later.

### In this newsletter you can expect:

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Last Quarter: An  
Overview

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Submitters of  
Samples and All  
Counties  
Served

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Top 6 Counties  
Served

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Top Ornamental  
and Garden  
Samples

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Ornamental  
Samples: Pests  
and Diseases

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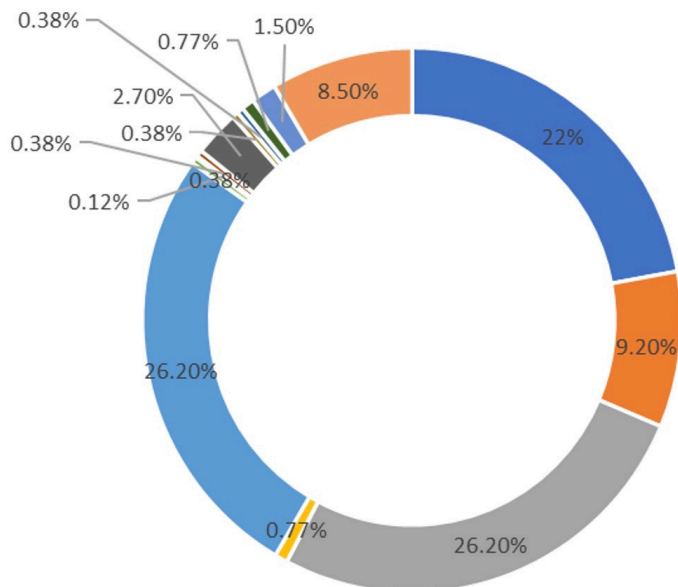
Garden Samples:  
Pests and  
Diseases

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## Who sent samples?

Homeowners (22%)  
 Producers (9.2%)  
 Landscapers (26.2%)  
 Professors (0.77%)  
 Extension Agents (26.2%)  
 UT Extension Agents (0.38%)  
 Extension Assistants (0.12%)  
 Extension Staff (0.38%)  
 Golf Course Managers (2.7%)  
 Doctors (0.38%)  
 Diagnosticians (0.38%)  
 Plant Nurseries (0.77%)  
 TDA Plant Inspectors (1.5%)  
 Botanical Gardens (8.5%)

Percentage (%) of Submitter types up to 5/3/2024

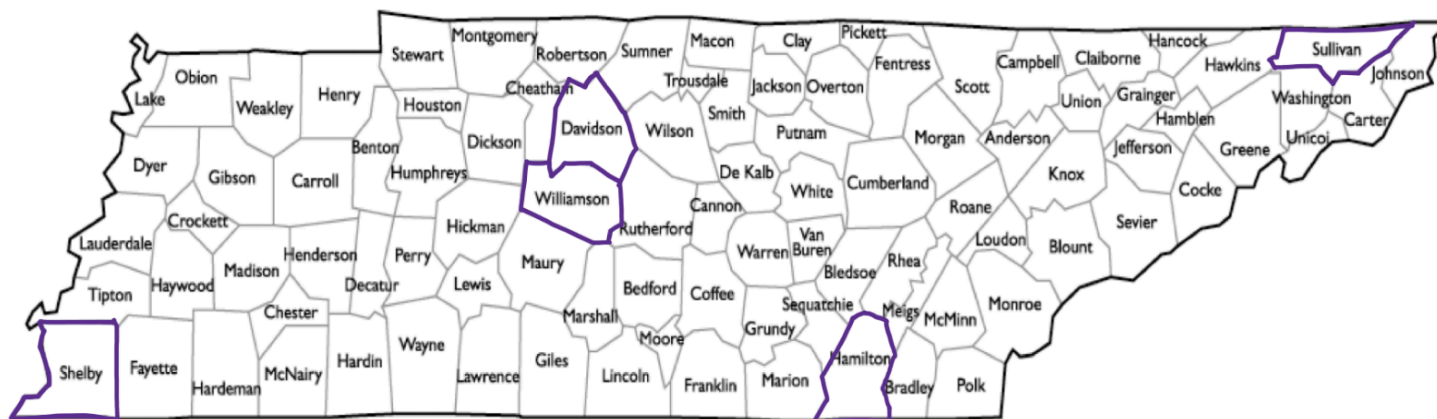


## Where are the samples from?



MAP CREDIT: TN.GOV

## Top 5 Counties Serviced



MAP CREDIT: TN.GOV

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# HELP! WHAT IS ON MY ORNAMENTALS?!



## Cedar-apple Rust

**Host Plants:** Crab apple, apples, junipers, eastern red cedar, etc.

**Cause(s):** Cedar-apple rust is caused by a fungal pathogen. This fungus needs two hosts, apple species and juniper/cedar species, to complete its life cycle.

**Signs/Symptoms:** In the spring, rust fungus infects apple species, and in the fall, it infects juniper and cedar species. On apple trees, the disease appears as orange-red spots with small, raised black dots in the center (3). During the fall, in juniper and cedar trees, the galls take on a greenish-brown appearance with a woody texture. When it rains, these galls produce tentacle-like structures that gives a gummy appearance (3).



## Boxwood Volutella Blight

**Host Plants:** Boxwoods.

**Cause(s):** Boxwood volutella blight is caused by a fungus that attacks the stems and leaves of boxwood plants. Drought, winter injury, insect damage, poor drainage, etc., put the plant at a higher risk for this disease. This disease is likely to show up during warmer weather with a higher relative humidity (1).

**Signs/Symptoms:** Leaves of infected plants turn pale yellow, and eventually turn to brown, bronze, or straw coloration. During high humidity, salmon-colored fruiting bodies of fungus develop on the lower surface of the infected leaves, which are visible with a hand lens.



## Juniper Scales

**Host Plants:** Junipers, cypresses, false cypress, eastern red cedar, and arborvitae (4).

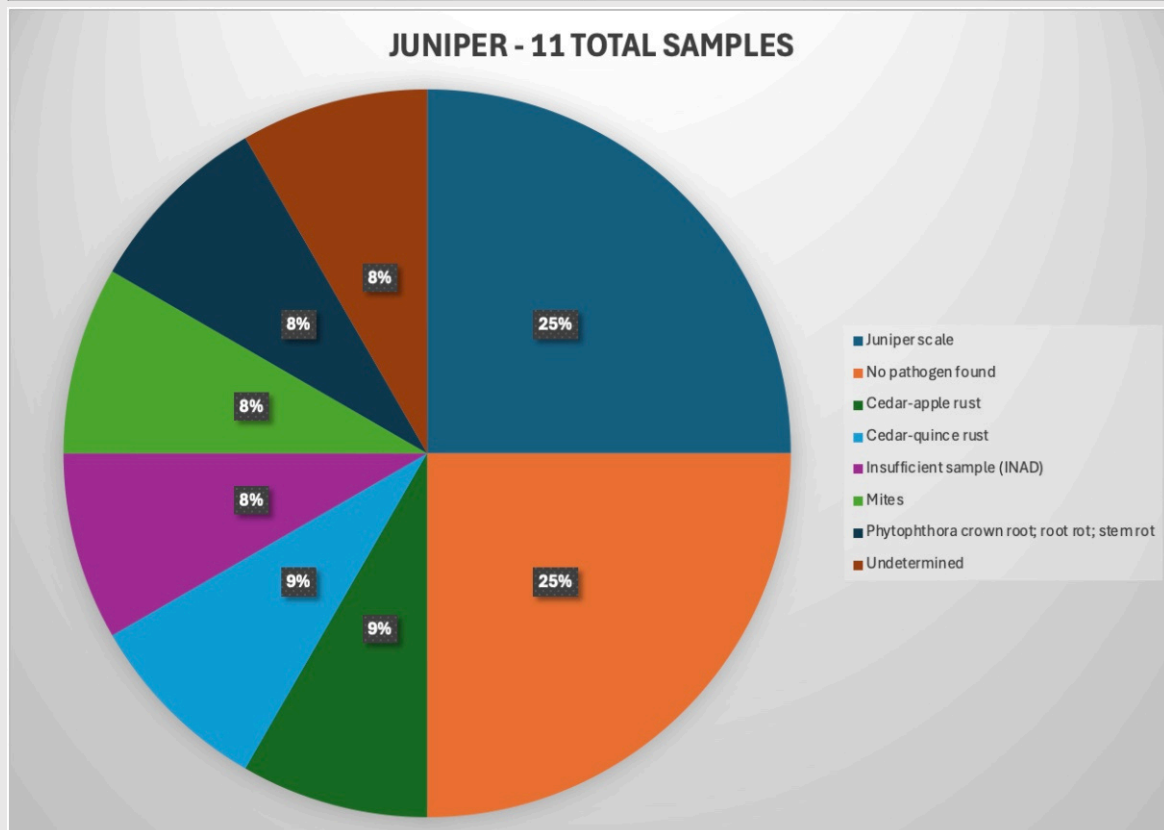
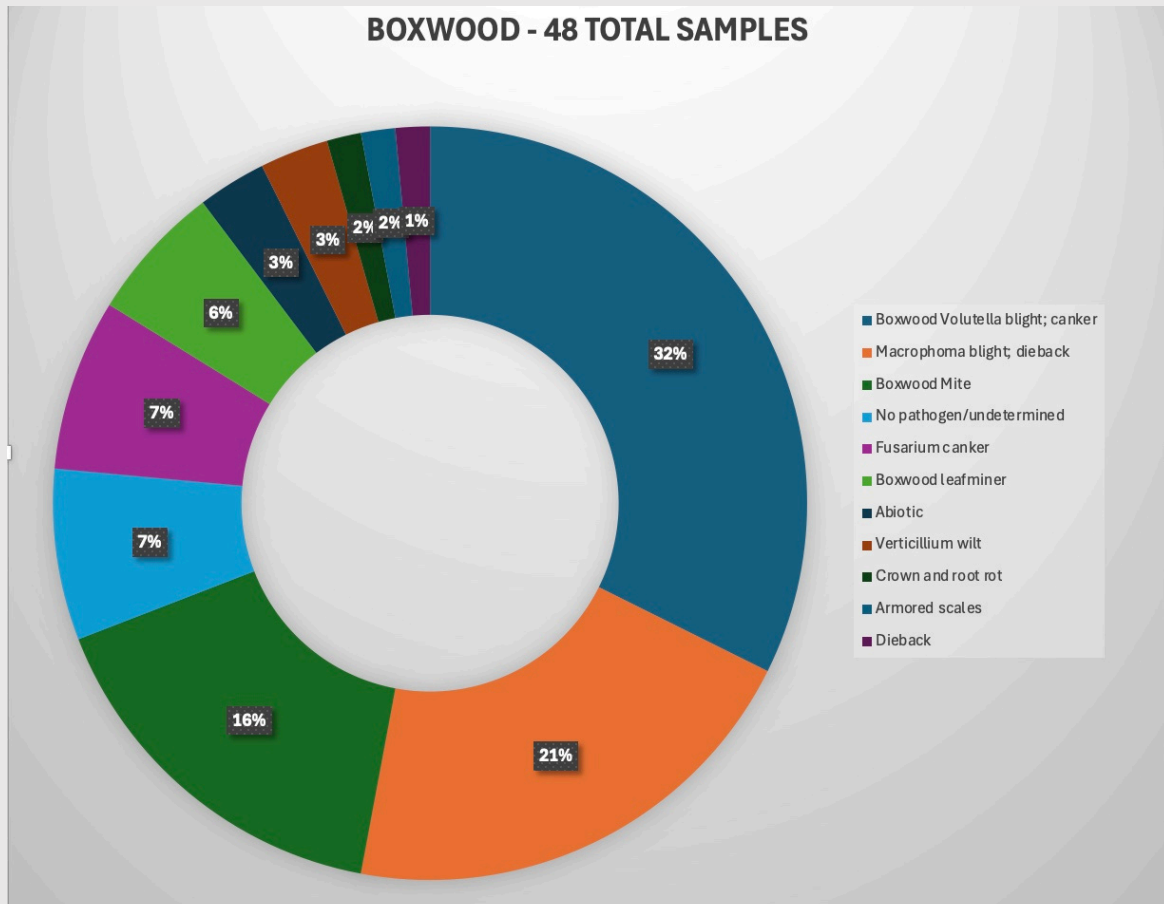
**How do I identify this pest?**

Mature female covers are round, white with yellow center and ~1.5 mm in diameter. Male covers are elongated, white and smaller than females. The crawlers are tiny and yellow in color.

**Signs/Symptoms:** Affected foliage turns yellow-brown color. The plant looks as if it needs water or chemical treatments, and could show signs of dead branches (2).

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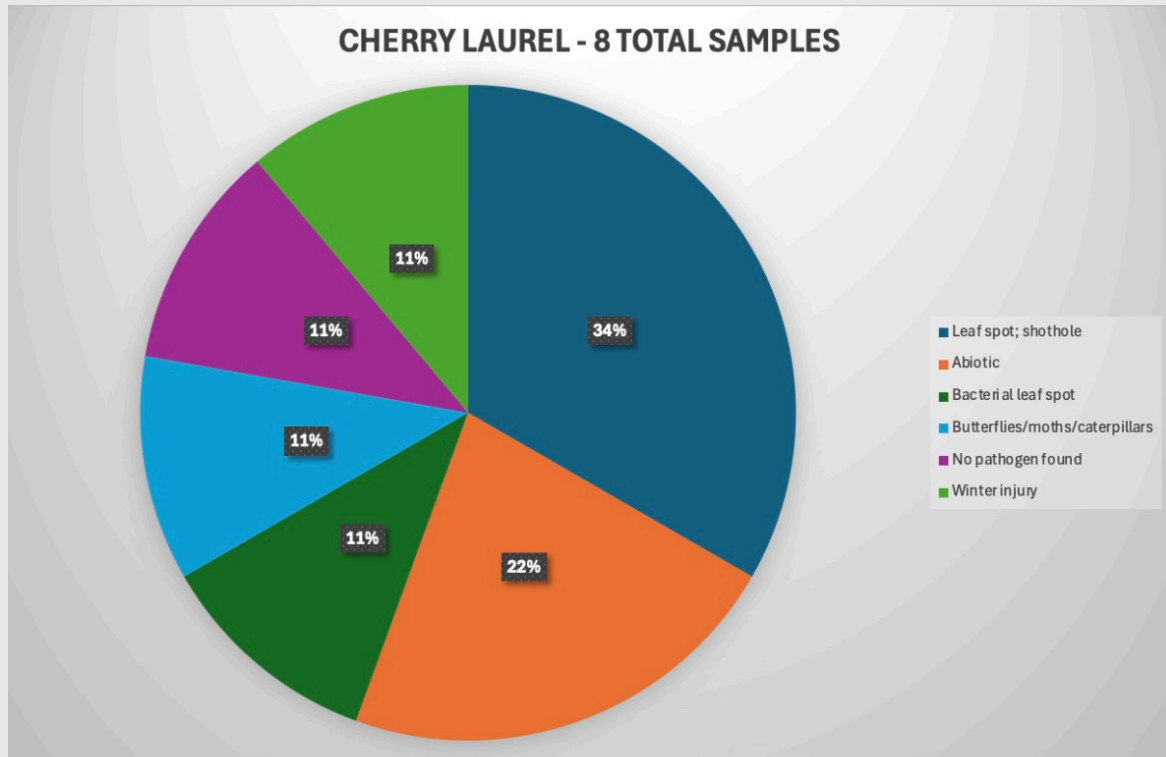
# TOP 3 SAMPLES AND THEIR DISEASES/PESTS





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## TOP 3 SAMPLES AND THEIR DISEASES/PESTS



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## References

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2. Russell, H. 2013. Juniper scale crawlers are active in Michigan. Michigan State University Extension. Accessed 05/30/2024. [https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/juniper\\_scale\\_crawlers\\_are\\_active\\_in\\_michigan](https://www.canr.msu.edu/news/juniper_scale_crawlers_are_active_in_michigan)
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4. Larson, J. L. 2021. Juniper Scale. UK Department of Entomology. Accessed 07/12/2024. <https://entomology.ca.uky.edu/ef429#:~:text=Common%20hosts%20for%20the%20juniper,there%20is%20snow%20on%20it.>